# OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING



ECEN 5713 Linear Systems Fall 2000 Midterm Exam #2



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Problem 1:

Extend the set

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

to form a basis for the set with all  $2 \times 2$  matrices with real coefficients. Then, determine the representation of

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

with respect to the basis defined.

### Problem 2:

Consider the linear operator

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 7 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 9 & 4 \end{bmatrix},$$

determine its rank and nullity, then find a basis for the range space and the null space of the linear operator, *A*, respectively ?

**<u>Problem 3</u>**: Show that if the set  $\{u, v, w\}$  is linearly independent, then so is the set  $\{u + v, v + w, w + u\}$ .

## Problem 4:

Show if the following sets

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

span the same subspace V of  $(\mathfrak{R}^4, \mathfrak{R})$ .

### Problem 5:

Let

$$V^{\perp} = \left\{ x \mid x = \boldsymbol{a} \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\2\\0 \end{bmatrix} + \boldsymbol{b} \begin{bmatrix} -1\\5\\6\\2 \end{bmatrix} + \boldsymbol{g} \begin{bmatrix} -1\\2\\2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \boldsymbol{a}, \boldsymbol{b}, \boldsymbol{g} \in \mathfrak{R} \right\},\$$

determine the original space, *V*, and find an orthogonal basis for *V*. For  $x = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^T$ , find its direct sum representation of  $x = x_1 \oplus x_2$ , such that  $x_1 \in V$ , and  $x_2 \in V^{\perp}$ .